

NAMIBIA UNIVERSITY

OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

FACULTY OF COMMERCE, HUMAN SCIENCES AND EDUCATION

DEPARTMENT OF MARKETING AND LOGISTICS

QUALIFICATION: BACHELOR OF TRANSPORT MANAGEMENT		
QUALIFICATION CODE: 07BTRA	LEVEL: 6	
COURSE: INTELLIGENT TRANSPORT SYSTEMS	COURSE CODE: ITT611S	
SESSION: JUNE 2022	PAPER: THEORY	
DURATION: 3 HOURS	MARKS: 100	

	FIRST ATTEMPT EXAMINATION	
EXAMINERS	Dr. Smart Dumba	
MODERATOR:	Ms. Gloria Tshoopara	

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Answer ALL questions from Sections A and B, and any three (3) questions from Section C
- 2. Number your answers clearly.
- 3. The number of marks per each question or part question is given in square brackets []. These should guide you in the content of your answers.
- 4. This is a **Closed Book Examination.** No books or notes may be consulted during the exam.

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF 5 PAGES (Including this front page)

SECTION A: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

Question 1

- a. Good quality pre trip information from advanced traveller information systems enables travellers achieve route optimization, fare maximisation, costs minimisation and travel time minimisation. [2 marks]
- b. Intelligent Transport Systems (ITS) in commercial vehicle operations deal with efficiency and effectiveness of the service that is being provided and can increase passenger safety, as well.
- c. Adaptive traffic signal control, ramp metering and traffic operations centres are specific applications for advanced traffic management systems. [2 marks]
- d. ITS resemble of an interplay between travellers, data centres, roadside infrastructure, and vehicles. [2 marks]
- e. ITS standards refer to a framework that lays out the boundaries, the players, and the strategies for that process of information management in a specific geographical boundary and specified time period. [2 marks]
- f. An ITS architecture ensures system compatibility, shrinkability, interoperability and standardability. [2 marks]
- g. ITS relies on interactions among three layers of infrastructure, transportation layer,
 traffic signal layer and the information layer.
 [2 marks]
- h. Automatic Vehicle Identification (AVI), Weigh in Motion (WiM) technologies, electronic cargo clearance systems and telematics are all examples of ITS in commercial vehicle operations.
- i. Advanced Traveller Information Systems provide travellers with information regarding road conditions and whether conditions only. [2 marks]
- j. Incident Management Systems focus on maximizing the use of available roadway capacity and reducing the impact of nonrecurring congestion resulting from incidents.
 [2 marks]

SECTION B: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

Question 2

Select the correct answer, each correct answer carries 2 marks

- a) The following are goals of Advanced Traffic Management Systems, (ATMS) except,
 - A. Improved safety
 - B. Increase operational efficiencies
 - C. Increase capacity
 - D. Increased axle loading
 - E. All these are goals of ATMS
- b) Which of the following pair of ITS systems represents a weak relationship?
 - A. Advanced Public Transport Systems and Advanced Traveller Information Systems
 - B. Advanced Public Transport Systems and Information Management Systems
 - C. Advanced Traveller Information Systems and Commercial Vehicle Operations
 - D. Emergency Management Systems and Advanced Traffic Management Systems
 - E. None of these have a weak relationship
- c) Select the **odd** one out from the following key functionality aspects of an ITS system.
 - A. Interoperability
 - B. Scalability
 - C. Maintainability
 - D. Deductibility
 - E. None of these is odd
- d) Select the **odd** one out
 - A. Advanced Traveller Information Systems, (ATIS)
 - B. Vehicle to Infrastructure Integration (V2I) and Vehicle to Vehicle (V2V) Integration.
 - C. ITS enabled Transportation Marginal Costing Systems, (TMSC)
 - D. Advanced Traffic Management Systems, (ATMS)
 - E. None of these is odd
- e) Integrated Vehicle Health Monitoring Systems, (IVHMS) check the following aspects on a vehicle, **except**
- A. Vehicle upholstery
- B. Engine monitoring
- C. Gearbox
- D. Suspension loads and dynamics
- E. All these are checked
- f) Variable Messaging Signs, (VMS) assist travellers with the following decisions, except
 - A. Departure time choice
 - B. Route choice
 - C. Lane choice
 - D. Vehicle choice
 - E. All these are correct

- g) Which of the following does not represent an advantage of Global Positioning Systems?
 - A. Accurate monitoring of service delivery
 - B. Accurate object position
 - C. Provision of real time data
 - D. Generate data for easy mapping
 - E. None of the above
- h) The following data must be collected under incidents management, except
 - A. Location
 - B. Vehicle carrying capacity
 - C. Direction of travel
 - D. Date and time
 - E. All these are correct
- i) Advanced Traveller Information Systems information utilise static and real-time information on:-
 - A. Traffic conditions
 - B. Tourist information
 - C. Special events
 - D. Weather conditions
 - E. All these are correct
- j) Which of these pairs do not resemble a close relationship?
 - A. Transport planning and traffic engineering
 - B. Transport economics and urban planning
 - C. I.T.S and Fleet telematics
 - D. I.T.S and social anthropology
 - E. All these have a close relationship

Subtotal: 20 marks

SECTION C: ANSWER ANY THREE (3) QUESTIONS

Question 3

(a) Differentiate between I.T.S Standards and I.T.S Architecture [4 marks]

(b) Write short notes on the following technologies as they apply to I.T.S:-

i. Sensing technology
 ii. Positioning technology
 iii. Mapping technology
 iv. Communication technology
 [4 marks]
 [4 marks]
 [4 marks]

Subtotal: 20 marks

Question 4

(a) Describe the following technologies as they apply to I.T.S

i. Vehicle to Infrastructure technologies, (V2I) [3 marks]ii. Vehicle to Vehicle technologies [5 marks]

(b) Describe and explain the functions of an Advanced Traffic Management System, (ATMS)

[12 marks]

Subtotal: 20 marks

Question 5

Evaluate any two (2) sensing technology for measuring average speed of traffic flow (v) and two (2) sensing technology for measuring traffic flow rate (q) [20 marks]

Question 6

Explain in detail the following technologies in Commercial Vehicle Operation, (CVOs)

i. Automatic Vehicle Identification (AVI) [8 marks]
 ii. Weigh In Motion (WiM) technologies [6 marks]
 iii. Electronic Cargo Clearance Systems [6 marks]

Subtotal: 20 marks

Question 7

Assess the following Travel Demand Management measures in improving traffic flow conditions in a city such as Windhoek

i. Reversible lanes
 ii. High Occupancy Vehicle lane management
 iii. High Occupancy Toll
 iv. Rider sharing
 [5 marks]
 [5 marks]
 [5 marks]

Subtotal: 20 marks TOTAL: 100 MARKS

END OF QUESTION PAPER





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